



Image of the month

Abdominal eventration with massive visceral content[☆]

Eventración abdominal con contenido visceral masivo

Miguel Borregón Rivilla,^{a,*} Katherin Martínez-Barroso,^a Aitana Palomares Morales,^b Francisco Javier Morán Gallego^c

^a Oncología Médica, Hospital Virgen de la Salud, Toledo, Spain

^b Radiodiagnóstico, Hospital Virgen de la Salud, Toledo, Spain

^c Unidad de Cuidados Críticos, Hospital Virgen de la Salud, Toledo, Spain

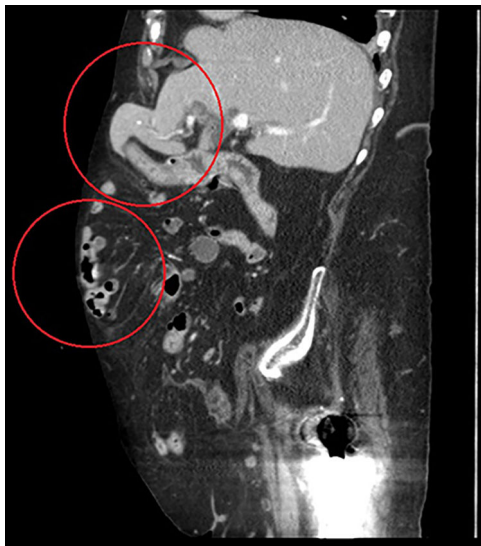


Figure 1



Figure 2

A 90 year old woman comes to the emergency department suffering abdominal pain and vomiting for 12 h.

Physical examination reveals a big abdominal herniation at the left side of the abdomen. It is painful, soft but not reducible, and not bigger than the previous days.

Abdominal X-ray reveals signs of incomplete small bowel obstruction: modest dilatation of loops and hydro-aerial levels, with no free gas on rectal ampoule.

Abdominal CT scan (Figs. 1 and 2) describes abdominal rectum diastases, which contains four digestive system organs: peripheral portion of third segment of the liver, gastric body, duodenum, and transverse and descendent colon.

[☆] Please cite this article as: Borregón Rivilla M, Martínez-Barroso K, Palomares Morales A, Morán Gallego FJ. Eventración gigante con contenido multivisceral. Cir Esp. 2018;96:516.

* Corresponding author.

E-mail address: miguelborregonrivilla@gmail.com (M. Borregón Rivilla).