



Video of the month

Laparoscopic central pancreatectomy[☆]



Pancreatectomía central laparoscópica

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Fig. 1 – Surgical site after the procedure.

Laparoscopic central pancreatectomy is indicated for benign or low malignant potential lesions that are located in the neck or body of the pancreas and cannot be enucleated. The objective is to preserve as much parenchyma as possible, guaranteeing greater pancreatic function (Fig. 1).

We present the case of an 18-year-old male patient with a 44-mm solid pseudopapillary neoplasm in the isthmus-body of the pancreas. This tumor was partially compressing the splenic vein, causing splenomegaly. We performed laparoscopic central pancreatectomy. Oral tolerance was initiated on the first postoperative day, and the patient was discharged on the fifth day.

Diagnosis: pancreatic neoplasm treated with laparoscopic central pancreatectomy.

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Conflict of interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interests.

Appendix A. Supplementary data

Supplementary material related to this article can be found, in the online version, at doi:<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cireng.2021.06.023>.

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