

Gastroenterología y Hepatología



www.elsevier.es/gastroenterologia

IMAGE OF THE MONTH

Clip-assisted ERCP for redundant duodenal folds CPRE asistida por clip para pliegues duodenales redundantes



Vincent Zimmera,b

- ^a Department of Medicine, Marienhausklinik St. Josef Kohlhof, Neunkirchen, Germany
- ^b Department of Medicine II, Saarland University Medical Center, Saarland University, Homburg, Germany

A 71-year-old female patient was referred for endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) for pre-papillary bile duct stone disease detected by outpatient magnetic resonance cholangiopancreatography (MRCP). After insertion of a therapeutic duodenoscope, redundant duodenal folds became visible in the descending duodenum (D2), initially giving rise to a "hidden papilla" situation.



Figure 1

E-mail address: vincent.zimmer@gmx.de



Figure 2

In fact, the papilla only became appreciable after ERCP catheter manipulation in between the stack of folds, confirming a regular localization at the medial aspect of D2, however, obscured by an overriding fold. The papilla itself was classified as a type 2 configuration (small <3 mm diameter and flat) as suggested by the Scandinavian Association for Digestive Endoscopy (SADE) (Fig. 1. asterisk). Administration of butylscopolamine for duodenal antimotility and repeated lifting of the fold by a guidwire-loaded papillotome as our first-line standard cannulation technique failed

to provide sustained visualization of the papilla. Therefore, we switched to a clip-assisted ERCP approach. To this end, the overriding fold was lifted by one branch of an 11-mm rotable clip and attached to the more cranially and laterally neighboring mucosa, providing optimal ERCP settings for successful papillotome cannulation and safe papillotomy with stone extraction (Fig. 2).

While mostly reported in papilla-related pathology, such as peripapillary lipoma and/or diverticulum, this is the first report of clip-assisted ERCP in the not uncommon setting of redundant duodenal folds initially precluding instrumentation.² Therefore, while clip-assisted cannulation is well established maneuver to externalize and fix intradiverticular papillae, the presented alternative application for redundant duodenal folds, obscuring visualization

and manipulation of the papilla, may represent an indispensible rescue approach of special value to remind less experienced endoscopists of this basically old technique.

References

- 1. Haraldsson E, Lundell L, Swahn F, Enochsson L, Lohr JM, Arnelo U, et al. Endoscopic classification of the papilla of Vater. Results of an inter- and intraobserver agreement study. United Eur Gastroenterol J. 2017;5:504–10.
- Scotiniotis I, Ginsberg GG. Endoscopic clip-assisted biliary cannulation: externalization and fixation of the major papilla from within a duodenal diverticulum using the endoscopic clip fixing device. Gastrointest Endosc. 1999;50:431–6.